

Significant events in zoster vaccination practice in Australia

Year	Month	Intervention
2006	March	First zoster vaccine (frozen formulation) registered for use in individuals aged ≥60 years (but not marketed in Australia)
2007	Мау	First live zoster vaccine (refrigerated formulation) registered for use in individuals aged ≥50 years (limited vaccine availability in 2007–2008)
2009	July	A single dose of zoster vaccine (Zostavax) recommended for individuals aged ≥60 years (no vaccine availability after 2008)
2013	October	First live zoster vaccine available on private prescription
2016	November	Funded national program commenced, with a single dose of zoster vaccine at 70 years of age
		Five-year funded national catch-up program commenced for adults aged 71–79 years
2018	July	First inactivated recombinant zoster vaccine (Shingrix) registered for use in adults aged ≥50 years
2021	June	First inactivated recombinant zoster vaccine available on private prescription
	October	ATAGI recommends Shingrix over Zostavax in individuals aged ≥50 years for prevention of herpes zoster and its complications due to Shingrix's higher efficacy
	December	Shingrix registered for use in immunocompromised adults aged ≥18 years
2022	April	Shingrix recommended for use in immunocompromised adults aged ≥18 years
2023	November	Shingrix replaced Zostavax under the NIP and was funded for adults aged ≥65 years, First Nations people ≥50 years and immunocompromised people ≥18 years at high risk of herpes zoster infection